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10/025,879	12/26/2001	Hyung Cheol Moon	P-0290	9272
34610 KED & ASSO	7590 05/15/200 CIATES, LLP	7	EXAM	INER
P.O. Box 221200 Chantilly, VA 20153-1200		GREY, CHRISTOPHER P		
Chantilly, VA	20153-1200		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2616	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/025,879	MOON, HYUNG CHEOL		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Christopher P. Grey	2616		
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC .136(a). In no event, however, may a replayed and will expire SIX (6) MONT te, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed  HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status	•			
1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20.1  2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ This  3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matte			
Disposition of Claims		No.		
4)	awn from consideration. is/are rejected. for election requirement.	tion.		
<ul> <li>9) The specification is objected to by the Examin</li> <li>10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicated and accomplicate and accomplicat</li></ul>	cepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyand ction is required if the drawing(s	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
<ul> <li>12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig</li> <li>a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:</li> <li>1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document</li> <li>2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document</li> <li>3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	nts have been received. nts have been received in Aponity documents have been reur (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage		
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)	ımmary (PTO-413) /Mail Date ormal Patent Application		
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:				

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 35 8 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Derryberry (US 6498785) in view of Bark et al. (US 6628956), hereinafter referred to as Bark.

<u>Claim 1, 10, 17, 22</u> Derryberry discloses transmitting a preliminary signal (Col 8 lines 10-46, fig 4, 402, initial access probe) with a first transmission power from the first station (MS) to a second station (BS).

Derryberry discloses transmitting a first packet data from the first station to the second station with the first transmission power (fig 4 element 410, begins transmission of data). Also, Derry berry discloses power control occurring based on a number of factors, where a possible increase or decrease power command may be applied based on the results of a determination (Col 10 lines 25-55). That increase or decrease may be by 0, where no power adjustment is made based on the determination.

Derryberry discloses increasing the transmission power of the first station to an increased second transmission power if the first packet data transmission is not

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successfully received by the second station (Col 11 lines 6-47, power control continues til entire frame is finished, and element 420 in fig 4, adjust/increase power).

Derryberry discloses transmitting a second packet data from the first station to the second station with the increased second transmission power (Col 11 lines 38-47).

Derryberry does not specifically disclose the increased second transmission power being calculated based on the first transmission power used by the first station in the first packet data transmission to the second station, a controlled amount of the transmission power by the second station, a changed amount of power received at the first station, and a channel compensating value of the second station.

Bark discloses the increased second transmission power being calculated based on the first transmission power used by the first station in the first packet data transmission to the second station (fig 2, 4 and 6, preliminary transmit power, where this value may be adjusted using the open loop control in fig 7), a controlled amount of the transmission power by the second station (Col 8 lines 41-43, tx power from base station), a changed amount of power received at the first station (Col 8 lines 39-44), path loss), and a channel compensating value of the second station (Col 8 lines 50-55, power offset).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the transmit power controller as disclosed in fig 6 of Bark, within the mobile station as disclosed by Derryberry. The motivation for this combination is to adjust the power based on controlled parameters.

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<u>Claim 2, 11</u> Derryberry discloses ending the packet data transmission when the packet data transmission is successfully received by the second station (Col 11 lines 6-24).

Claim 3, 18, 19, 23, 24 Derryberry discloses transmitting a preamble from the first station to the second station (Col 8 lines 9-46), and receiving a channel occupying signal from the second station (BS) as a response to the preamble (Col 8 lines 47-67, control information and data).

Claim 4 Derryberry discloses ending the packet data transmission process if the channel occupying signal is not received from the second station (power control ends when the transmission of frames is complete, Col 11 lines 6-23 and element 422, in fig 4).

Claim 8, 15 Derry berry does not specifically disclose the transmission power being determined by summing the first transmission power used in the first packet data transmission, the controlled amount of the transmission power by the second station, the changed amount of power received at the first station, and the channel compensating value of the second station.

Bark discloses a power control procedure, whereina number of different values are used to adjust a power value, where the summation of the first transmission power used in the first packet data transmission, the controlled amount of the transmission power by the second station, the changed amount of power received at the first station, and the channel compensating value of the second station is applicable (Col 8 lines 28-67 and see fig 7).

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It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that the increase or decrease of power as disclosed by Derryberry could be modified so as to conform to an increase or decrease based on variable parameters in order to achieve power control, such as the variables and power control as disclosed by Bark.

<u>Claim 9, 16</u> Derryberry discloses the first station being a mobile communication station and the second station being a base station (see figs 2 and 3).

Claim 27 Derryberry discloses means for increasing the transmission power calculating the increased transmission power based on a channel compensating value received from the second station (Col 10 lines 29-50, parameter set value).

Claim 28 Derryberry discloses receiving a channel compensating value from the second station (element 408 in fig 4).

Claim 29, 32, 33, 35 Derry berry discloses calculating the increased second transmission power based on the channel compensating value received from the second station (Col 10 lines 29-55).

2. Claims 30, 31, 34 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Derryberry (US 6498785) in view of Bark et al. (US 6628956) in further view of the prior art disclosed by the applicant.

<u>Claim 30</u> The combined teachings of Derryberry and Bark do not specifically. disclose the preliminary signal comprising a collision detect signal.

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The prior art disclosed by the applicant discloses the preliminary signal comprising a collision detect signal (see fig 4 labeled prior art and relevant text).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the transmission of the preamble as disclosed by the combined teachings of Derryberry and Bark, with the addition of a collision detect signal as disclosed by the prior art disclosed by the applicant. The motivation for this modification is is for preventing impacts when more than one mobile station requests allocation of the same channel at the same time (paragraph 17)

Claim 31, 34 The combined teachings of Derryberry and Bark do not specifically disclose the channel occupying signal comprising a CD-ACH signal.

The prior art disclosed by the applicant discloses the channel occupying signal comprising a CD-ACH signal (see fig 4 labeled prior art and relevant text).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the transmission of the power control command as disclosed by Derryberry, with the addition of a CD-ACH signal as disclosed by the prior art disclosed by the applicant. The motivation for this modification is to receive a response to the transmitted preamble (paragraph 17).

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-4, 8-11, 15-19, 22-24, 29-31 and 34 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher P. Grey whose telephone number is (571)272-3160. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chau Nguyen can be reached on (571)272-3126. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Christopher Grey Examiner

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